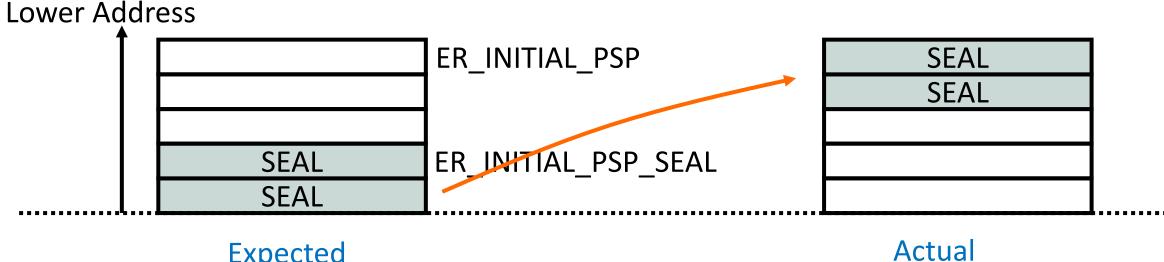


Conclusion

- + The SEAL position is shifted 3 words upper than expected (Bottom).
- + But this won't bring damages or security issues, not even functionality errors.
- + A coding mistake needs to be fixed the fix has been merged.



Background: Why seal?

```
ldr r0, = ns_func
-> blxns r0
ns_return:
    cmp r0, #0
```

```
ldr r0, = ns_func
blxns r0
ns_returned:
   cmp r0, #0
```

```
ns_func: ;LR = FNC_RETURN
...
-> bx lr
```

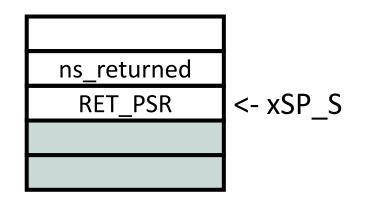
```
ldr r0, = ns_func
blxns r0
ns_returned:
-> cmp r0, #0
```

```
ns_func: ;LR = FNC_RETURN
...
bx lr
```

```
<- xSP_S
```

```
ns_returned

RET_PSR
```





Background: Why seal and the answer

→ What will happen if NS just performs 'BX LR(FNC_RETURN)' when it is not in a S to NS calling procedure?

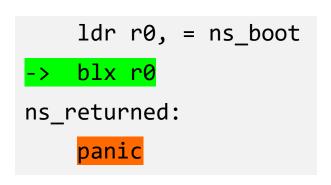
→ The solution is to apply SEALs at these two word's place – the SEAL is not a valid function address hence causes exceptions after fetched.

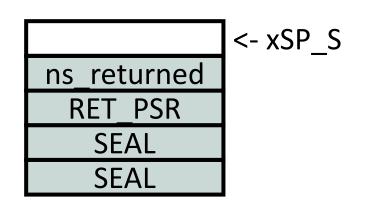
https://developer.arm.com/Arm%20Security%20Center/Armv8-M%20Stack%20Sealing%20Vulnerability

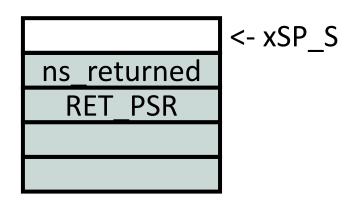


Why no sealing in v1.6.0 is still safe

- + The advisory requires to apply sealing on each stack for applicability, in fact not all scenarios is the same as the expectations in advisory.
- → Stack ER_INITIAL_PSP is designed for interacting with NS, it launches NSPE by BLXNS hence there is always valid return address on the stack.
- → This valid return address points to a panic, hence NSPE has no chance to tamper SPE execution by BX FNC RETURN.







Actual

Expected



arm Thank You Danke Gracias Grazie 谢谢 ありがとう **Asante** Merci 감사합니다 धन्यवाद Kiitos شکرًا ধন্যবাদ תודה

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